TOT 10-8-20 Transcript

Confronting Legacies of Health Disparities

00:01 Carlos Mariscal

Hello world. Welcome to Thought on Tap. Your monthly news, views, and brews brought to you by the Core HuTc 4r 0.003 Tw 7.608 0 Td[(i)10.6 (s)-1.3 (le)7.8 (g)2.6 (ac)-2 (ie)-3 (s)]TJ0 Tc 0 Tw 4.043 0 Td(. O)Tj-0.001 Tc 0.003

States and another 5 million around the world but this pandemidike all other health climate and natural disasters issues does not affectall equally

02:48Carlos Mariscal

It affects us across a variety differencies And sol thought I'd set the scene by talking about some of these aspects right. So, it affects us according to income tajusting for other factor, speople with higher incomes tend to live longer the preople with lower incomes The widest difference is among men in the 99th percentile versus the bottor from svv.c 0 TT...,

actions Not only in the ways that they mayhave impact on our healt thout in terms of the ways in which they may or may not have an impact of the health of others And I think that's why you're hearing you know- a number of directives having to do with the kinds of things that people **dake** responsibility for that will help everyone and so that we you hear about masking.

09:38Françoise Baylis

It's not just to protect you'n fact we're not so sure it will protect yosomuch as it will protect thers. And that's why you hear commentation you know working towards a vaccitinat againit's not just about protecting you't's about protecting others by you know over time getting to herminunity. So, I think the main thing for us to appreciate at the beginning this isn't somebody else sponsibility it's everybody's individual responsibilition the benefit of the collective.

10:05 Carlos Mariscal

Excellent, thank you Calebyou wereinvolved inorchestrating and organizing sometbese extremely) e.7 (s)1.7 (i)206ff2:(uto)=35ks_0gb0657bw1036.609 -1.(o))-0.6 (arll.2 (n)-0.8 (t)k7 (e)103 (a)-7 (i)-3.2 (n)-0.8 (t)-2.9 (e)- u.4 (1)5.4 (12:35Caleb Cage

So from an emergency management struct3 ()-3.4 (r)8.1 (o-0.7 (c)5.ec -0.001 Tw 10.26 0 Td (7)-1426 ((,Tc 0.0 38 -1.35 (a)-532.6 (e)]y ()T)de2-1)-0. u k2-15T)dn 59 0.7 o>>BD30.w0.001 Tc1 0 Tw 3

16:00 Kathleen Masterson

I don't know ifI can speak entirely tothat, but I know NPR did a really nicepiece on how they name viruses And there's actually an international committee and they work incredibly totatchoose a namethat is not regional specific ecause initially when these viruses break they often alleke Spanish Ru - they're tied to their country that they were at least to the informational medical community and the media to follow that to cathis Covid-19. To say that it's from the, you know, SARs CoV-2 virus

16:34 Kathleen Masterson

In terms of the name choices think those tend to beyou know other names tend to be erpetuated by people with a political genda for sure And I know we've seen that with the president believe actually there was some media note this sek that since he's hard by he at least referred to it a few times as coronavirus but that's actually incredibly new from all the coverable t I've seen Sothat would be my best guess thoughmust admit risky environment So, you know, we've lived through a time ow westarted calling our essential workerspeople who are working in grocery stores at wasn't a thought before that the were essential worker, sout we need to have food on the table and we don't have to run the same risks do certain people

19:33 Françoise Baylis

And then, you know very often these are people in lower wagituations and there are people who can't afford to not go to work That means they'repeople who can't afford to not puthemselves in certain kinds of riskenvironments I think, you know one of the things that we see then is that often those jobs arecorrelated with people in certain racial and etholosters or groupsOertainly, in our context we see people who work in meatpacking plants that have proven tover muchat risk. We see people that have come up from aribbearlslands because they're the pickerso they'reworking in agriculture for us and in that contexed and those have turned out to be a trisk environment.

20:17Françoise Baylis

We havepeoplethat are doing home care workyouknow, attendance in nursing homestc. Again, often low-paid workers of particular ethnic backgroundsho are in atrisk situations So, I think the thing to take away is that hese are not new problems these are most will disparities but then we have this massive health challenge come aloagd the people who are most vulnerabled most at riskare these same people who've already had certain kinds of challenges that ween't responded to and now the consequences defiat are just really dire but visible

20:51 Françoise Baylis

So, it's not to say that the consequence we'ren't bad before but now we see people who are dying in in great numbers and I think, you know for many of us it's sort of, you know shocking because we've not really thought about some of the consequences of the ways in which we've structure by the s

21:06Carlos Mariscal

Yeah I-I mean it's one of these things thatst keeps getting hammered at home the every time. **S**, Françoise of you that don'tknow is joining us from lova Scotia, if that's right. I looked up the statistics of Vashoe countywhich is where am right now compared to Nova Scotia, and we have something like 10 times the incidences that that you have something like three times as many deathsas well.

21:37Françoise Baylis

Well, let me share the numbers with you and just put them in context I'm in a provinceSo, Canada has 10provinces I'm in one of the very smathrovinces and one the very poorprovinces Our total population is about a milliopeople, and we have zero community spreately have three active cases One is in arICU, okay. The other two active cases apeople who traveled came backand went into quarantine So they actually wer following the rules and that's why we haven't had any mmunity spread even from thatSo, that's pretty striking when you hear million people and three cases of the things! think is really important is that we have willingly or notwidingly, depending on how

28:58 Kathleen Masterson

personal stories showing the impactooking at what peote who are making that tough choideat, "oh I really need moneyso I have togo backto my bartending jobbut I have asthma and m scared um that this couldreally harm meSo, journalists work really really hard at finding that what's the one idea that I want to takehome here," and, "how do I do it in this story" and luckily we get a ly with authority and knowledge and background says that this is good for protentingle, you somehow know more

31:45Françoise Baylis

And I think that's a part of the problem't's like I can't get an answer to that which seems a reasonable question. And sol think I really fallback on the idea that somehoid's become so ingrained that you have the right to personal freedom and berty, that you have forgotten about something else called solidarity and commitment to the collectivity And I think that's the moment in time that we're at we have a chance to learn something the question is will we learn if?

32:14 Kathleen Masterson

And a piggyback point on that and 100% agree with Dr. Baylis, think maybe it's tied into it maybe it's

virus and act accordingly ight? Bycutting a hole out of mask in order to be defiant simply not following the rules or yelling at me as malking down the treet wearing a mask and those sorts of things which happen

34:54 Caleb Cage

So, I really do think this a moment of transformatioglobally and this is how we're experiencing it herein the UnitedStates. And because of that I'm hopefulfor where we'll be 10 years from now

35:07Carlos Mariscal

There's a thread that want to unify between everything that you satisfies. So, the technology connecting us imew ways people. (a) connecting us imew ways people. (a) connecting us imew ways people. (b) connecting us imew ways people. (c) connecti

37:54 Françoise Baylis

And so you know what 'm worried about globally, is the fact that what's undergirding think a lot of this, is still a deep commitment to something like competition rather the allaboration And I think that's why you can sort of see people for to flike well you're noone of me you're one of them so we don't agree so we don't talk. Ad I think the overarching thing ishow did weallow something like this to becom 31.32 0 (e)]TJ (1 Tw 0.7ila)10.6 (b)70 (o)(m)4zoo (d)2.2 i(u)j 082.402 0 TII e i(e)]TJ I6 (o)-6 0 Td [(o)-6

41:19Carlos Mariscal

I think it might I mean, I think it's all of them from myperspective. think that we've been in this ongoing trends polarization since at least the late60s t204se(00(400)) (the 200) to 200) (the 20

43:57 Kathleen Masterson

It's interesting I wasthinking, as everyone was discussing w much of this is a new phenomence and did a little reading on 1918 And the government then tried to branch ask wearing as a p]TJ 0.006c2.9 (t)-ri.6 (7)-3.0

46:30 Kathleen Masterson

wouldn't go into a nursing home withowtearing a maskMaybe if you work with the elerly [inaudible]

46:38Kathleen Masterson

... Im just trying to draw some of the spearallels to way shat people care about their own family But again you have to have that rust built in if you're speaking with family member. If you're speaking with a stranger on the street, it's a lot harder.

46:50 Carlos Mariscal

I mean I think that all sound sight, and I think the pathos is the way odo it. That's how I always think of when I talk to people disagree with I say one of my sayings from the very first episode bourght on Tap was you will never convince somebody anything on the day that yoargue with them. So, that's not the point of an argument It should just be to like resent an alternative and then latewhen they're mulling it over in bedike days later they might come to your side But, so zooming outperhaps to the level of emergency response because I think that the individual conversation is one thiraged then the conversation that you have to have when you'talking to the public at largeor the public in particular-I want to turn to a question from an anonymous attendee that's been upvoted quite a bit

47:43 Carlos Mariscal

It says the idea of freedom alwayseems to be the biggestactor whencoming to make decisionts laws and restrictions how could we convince those to give some of their freedoms in order to elp? And then..and question this one awayhow would you in order to help othe?sOr that it is even possible in a place that puts freedom on suching h pedestal domestically like the U.S.?tSese conflicting values it seems like we always talk about free the provide that they should are about other things as well?

48:23 Caleb Cage

That is uh that is a great questioAnd I think it's a I think it's a cultural challengeAnd I think the other speakers here have spoken about how prue the idea of individual liberton a pedestal and I'll sayI'm one who by my nature in a lot of waysI do not like peopletelling me what to do And I do not like conventional wisdom winning the day where an thinkfor myself thank you very much. Those sorts of those sorts of thoughts think, are pretty typical.

49:00 Caleb Cage

However, I think over the last 15 yearshave gone from this idea of really focusing exclusively on that to-I like the Adam analogy tha Françoise used earlier that our individual liberty has impacts on others right? The famous Robert Nozick analogy of the right to swing my first oyour nose, I think was Nozick who said that. But, you know that's really not the practical way of how societies and communities work One of the things that've beenfocusing on from an academic perspective ut from a practitioner perspective over the last few years is this idea of disaster resilience or crisis resilier it's a paradigm shiftrom the emergency management concepts cause

61:31 Kathleen Masterson

We're seeing these huge division And it's true, the media really is reporting from cities and they're doing a good job whethey're doing that but we need more than that We need betterstorytelling and we needbetter representation of everything from socioeconomic class to race, and I don't just mean going visit those people I mean we need the nedia to be more diverse in those ways as well. So, maybe a little of the covid topic, but that's my takeaway on the what we can better as media

62:01 Carlos Mariscal

That's great no. And I think I want to second everything that everybody has id That'sbeenwonderful. You guys have been such great panel. 6, I want to begin my thanks with thanking the Thought on Tap committee, including Daniel Enrique Perez, Caitlyn Earley, Meradith Oda, Callum Ingram, Stephen Pasqualina. Special thanks Broetton Rodriguez and special thanks to Program Chair, Katherine Fusco for help with this particular event want to thank Debra Moddelmog, Lisa McDonald, Chris Stanciand an unknown but almost certainly essential undergraduates tudent or two

62:32 Carlos Mariscal

I want to thank our partnerLaughingPlanet, and I want to thank our panelistsFrançoise BaylisCaleb Cage and Kathleen Masterson But most of all I want to thank you for joining us on this new seasand on a new platform There is a survey vailable now that would tell you for you to let usknow what you thought of this evening. And so on behalf of Tought on Tap, I'm Carlos Mariscal Thank you and good night.